



Women and Child Development Department
Government of Chhattisgarh

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SUGGHAR ANGANWADI 2022-23

FINDINGS

SELF-ASSESSMENT OF WASH INDICATORS IN ANGANWADIS

December 2022



January 2023

Assessment conducted and report prepared by:
Women and Child Development Department
Block A, Indrawati Bhawan, New Raipur, Atal Nagar, Raipur, Chhattigarh

With the technical support form UNICEF, Chhattisgarh

SUGHGHAR ANGANWADI FOR WASH BENCHMARKING

A joint initiative of
Women and Child Development Department, Government of Chhattisgarh and UNICEF

On the occasion of Poshan Maah 2022, the Women and Child Development Department, Government of Chhattisgarh, with the support of UNICEF, has introduced 'Sughghar Anganwadi', a WASH (Water, Sanitation and Hygiene) benchmarking process in the State. It aims to create healthy competition among Anganwadis towards enhancing existing WASH services & facilities and honour those that have undertaken significant steps for WASH improvement. Honourable Minister, Women and Child Development Department launched the initiative on September 6, 2022.

The benchmarking system is designed around six essential components of WASH - 1) Water, 2) Toilet, 3) Handwashing with water and soap, 4) Cleanliness and hygiene, 5) Behaviour change and 6) Climate resilience. The tool contains 50 questions and a total of 100 marks. There are three categories in this system based on overall performance. Anganwadis scoring more than 90% have been decided to award as 'Sughghar Anganwadi'.

In consultation with the Department, UNICEF prepared the self-assessment tool and field-tested it on the ground before the final roll-out. It is a simple and user-friendly response collection process through a Google form-based tool with an option to scan a QR code to reach the link. Alternatively, the user can get the link by

typing the URL into the web browser. All the questions were kept in Hindi with drop-down options to select the appropriate and most suitable response.

On November 30, 2022, the Department notified all the Districts (Letter No. 8001/I-01/WCD/2022-23) to participate in the 'Sughghar Anganwadi' initiative. 45,569 Anganwadis, out of 51,819 (88%), across the State participated in the self-assessment drive for 'Sughghar Anganwadi'. Self-assessment is the first step of the process, where Anganwadi workers self-declared their WASH facilities, services and practices in December 2022. District or project-level verification is the next step before finalizing the best performers in excellence in WASH facilities, services and practices in Anganwadis.

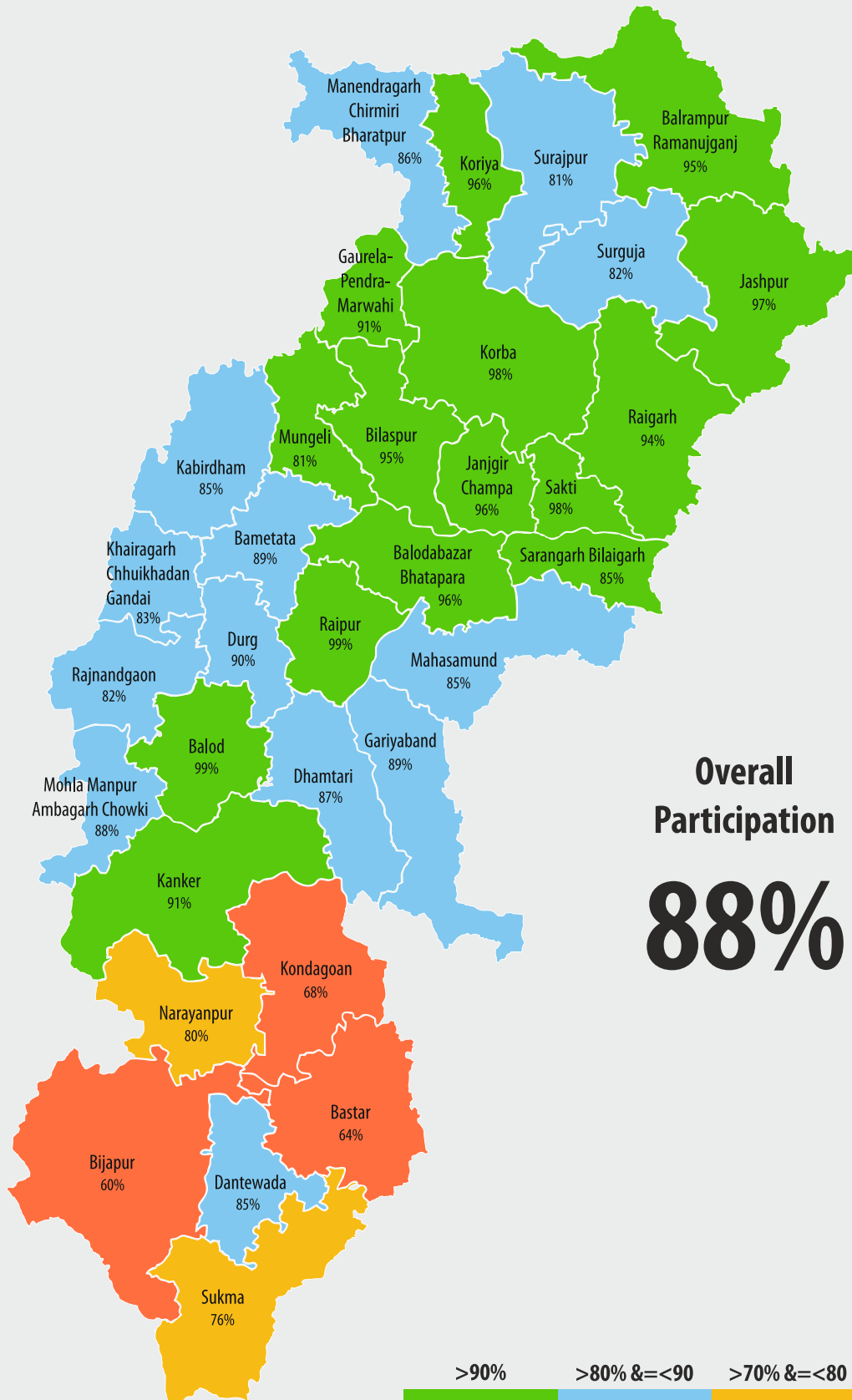
The report analyses component-wise and overall findings of the self-assessment process and presents a District-wise ranking based on the 'Sughghar Anganwadi' criteria. It also provides critical recommendations for improving Anganwadi WASH in the Chhattisgarh State.



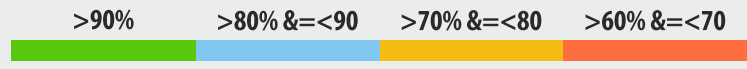
ANGANWADIS' PARTICIPATION IN SUGHGHAR ANGANWADI INITIATIVE

Anganwadis Participated	Rural	Urban	Own Govt. Building	Other Govt. Building	Private/Rented
45,569	40,772	4,797	35,171	3,288	7,110

Sughghar Anganwadi Initiative, Chhattisgarh
PARTICIPATION OF ANGANWADIS (IN %)



Overall Participation
88%



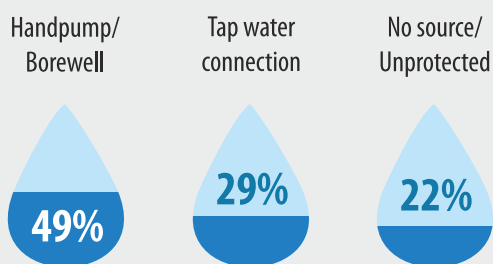
FINDINGS

The water component of Sugghar Anganwadi benchmarking consists of eight questions and 20% weightage. The indicators covered under this component are water availability, adequacy, handling, treatment and testing.

01
WATER



AVAILABILITY

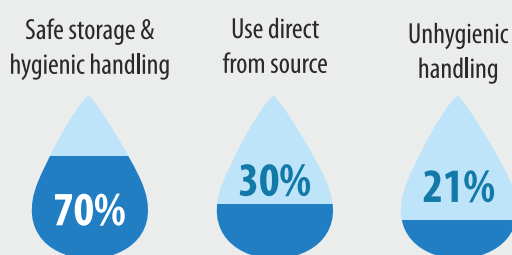


Drinking water source on premises

SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 22% (9,901) of Anganwadis lack safely managed safe drinking water on premises;
- 61% is the highest, and 12% is the lowest District's tap water coverage;
- Dhamtari (61%), Rajnandgaon (58%), and Balod (53%) Districts only have more than 50% tap water connection;
- Bijapur (12%), Surajpur (13%), Balrampur (14%), Jashpur (15%), Sukma (16%), Sarguja (18%) and Narayanpur (19%) Districts have less than 20% tap water connection;
- 13%, 14%, and 16% running water connections are in the toilet, handwashing station, and kitchen, respectively;
- 73% (33,330) of Anganwadis have adequate drinking water (at least 1.5 litres per person) for children and visiting beneficiaries.

HANDLING

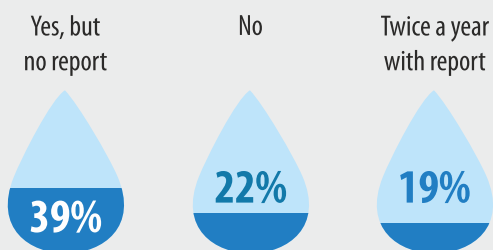


Water handling from source to consumption

SUMMARY (36,619 Anganwadi with water source)

- 79% (28,918) Anganwadis store water safely and handle it hygienically;
- 9% (3,428) of Anganwadis are using direct water from the overhead tank for drinking and cooking;
- 11% (4,011) Anganwadis are treating drinking water through boiling/solar disinfection/water filters;
- 47% (17,300) of Anganwadis are doing chlorination to treat water locally;
- 16 Districts are above the State average (38%) in chlorination, and Rajnandgaon is at the top with 66%.

TESTING



Water quality laboratory testing

SUMMARY (36,619 Anganwadi with water source)

- 38% (13,981) of Anganwadi water sources are tested either once or twice a year, and a test report is available with Anganwadi;
- Durg (29%), Mohla Manpur Ambagarh Chowki (28%) and Khairagarh Chhuikhadan Gandai (28%) are the top three Districts in conducting water quality testing twice and having a report with the Anganwadi;
- Balod (51%), Durg (50%) and Kanker (49%) are the top three Districts in conducting water quality testing at least once and having a report with the Anganwadi;
- Sarangarh Bilaigarh (27%) and Korba (8%) are the bottom most Districts on water quality testing once and twice, respectively.

PERFORMANCE IN WATER COMPONENT

Category →	≥90%	≥50% & <90%	<50
No. of Anganwadis	722	25,420	19,377
% of Anganwadis	1.7	55.8	42.5

Sugghar

FINDINGS

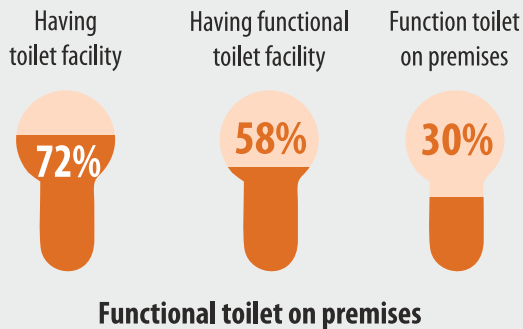
The toilet component of Sugghar Anganwadi benchmarking consists of seven questions and 15 weightage. The indicators covered under this component are child-friendly, functional and safe toilet.

02

TOILET



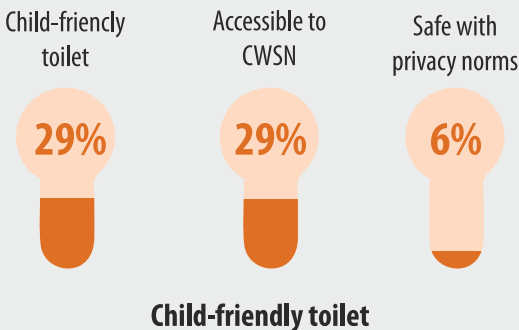
AVAILABILITY



SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 28% (12,664) of Anganwadis lack toilet facility on premises;
- 42% (19,176) of Anganwadis have no access to a functional toilet;
- 30% (13,680) Anganwadis have only access to a functional toilet on premises;
- 78% is the highest, and 26% is the lowest District's functional toilet status;
- Rajnandgaon (78%), Dhamtari (76%), Durg (75%), Balod (73%) and Mahasamund (71%) Districts only have more than 70% access to a functional toilet;
- Bijapur (26%) and Narayanpur (27%) Districts have less than 30% access to a functional toilet;
- 82% (27,094) of toilets are improved type (flush/pour flush toilet).

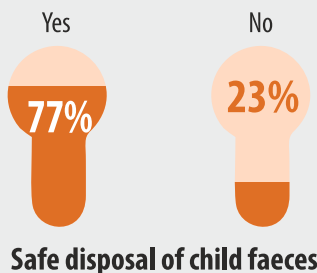
SAFE & CHILD-FRIENDLY



SUMMARY (32,905 Anganwadi with toilet facility)

- 29% (9,627) of Anganwadi toilets are child-friendly;
- 29% (9,411) of toilets are accessible to children with special needs (CWSN) across the state;
- 49% (16,090) of toilets have a secure door and latch/bolt;
- 6% (2,030) toilets have a safe door with cloth hanging hooks and latch/bolt with safety & privacy norms;
- 82% (26,927) of toilets have a good roof and proper ventilation for natural light and air;
- 18 Districts are above the State average (38%) in having a child-friendly toilet, and Durg is at the top with 43%;
- 15 Districts are below the State average in having a child-friendly toilet, and Kondagaon is at the bottom with 16%.

CHILD FAECES DISPOSAL



SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 77% (10,595) of Anganwadi centres dispose of child faeces in a toilet;
- Balod (92%), Dhamtari (91%) and Rajnandgaon (90%) are the top three Districts in depositing child faeces correctly;
- Bijapur (61%), Narayanpur (64%), Korba (67%), Kondagaon (68), and Dantewada (69%) Districts have less than 60% of Anganwadi workers using the proper methods of child faeces disposal.

PERFORMANCE IN TOILET COMPONENT

Category →	>=90%	>=50% & <90%	<50
No. of Anganwadis	2,040	23,765	19,764
% of Anganwadis	4.5	51.1	43.4

Sugghar

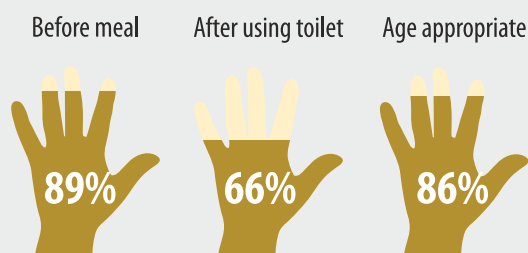
FINDINGS

The handwashing with water and soap component of Sughghar Anganwadi benchmarking consists of nine questions and 15 weightage. The indicators covered under this component are facility with water & soap and correct practices.

03 HANDWASHING



AVAILABILITY

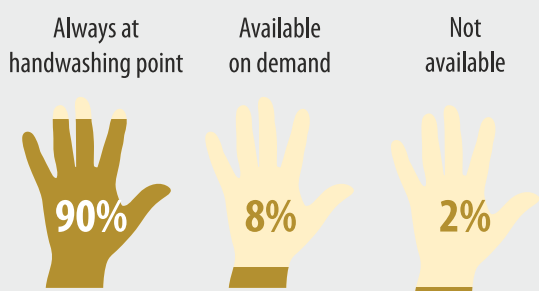


Handwashing facility on premises

SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 11% (4,853) Anganwadis have no handwashing facility for group handwashing before food and 34% (15,626) after using toilet;
- 86% (35,168 out of 40,716) of group handwashing facilities' height is age-appropriate and suitable for children;
- 53% (24,110) Anganwadis have water available inside the toilet, either through a bucket/drum or tap connection;
- 32% (14,681) of Anganwadis have tap water for group handwashing before food and 57% (26,035) have bucket/mag system;
- Balod and Rajnandgaon (96%) are the highest, and Jashpur (84%) is the lowest in group handwashing facility coverage before food;
- Rajnandgaon (83%) is the highest, and Bijapur (49%) is the lowest District in having a handwashing facility after toilet use.

SOAP/LIQUID HANDWASH

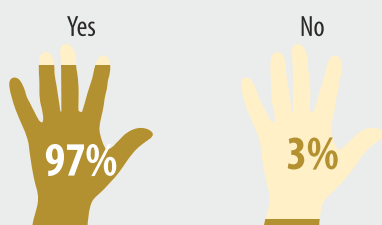


Availability of soap/liquid handwash

SUMMARY (40,716 and 29,943 Anganwadis with facility)

- 2% (576) and 2% (946) Anganwadi, those having handwashing stations, have no soap/liquid handwash for handwashing after using toilet and before food, respectively;
- 90% (36,643) of Anganwadis have soap/liquid handwash available always before food and 91% (27,148) after toilet use;
- 100% of Anganwadis of Bilaspur District ensure the availability of soap before food, and 19 Districts are above the State average (98%);
- 16 Districts are above the State average (98%) in making soap/liquid handwash available to children after toilet use.

PRACTICE



Six steps of handwashing practice among children, workers and helpers

SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 3% (1,311) of Anganwadis' all children do not wash their hands with water and soap before their meal, following six steps of handwashing;
- 3% (1,241) Anganwadi workers and helpers do not ensure all children wash their hands with water and soap before food;
- 3% (1,492) of Anganwadi workers and helpers do not ensure all children wash their hands with water and soap after toilet usage;
- 1% (250) of Anganwadi workers and helpers must wash their hands before preparing food in the Anganwadis.

PERFORMANCE IN HANDWASHING COMPONENT

Category →	≥90%	≥50% & <90%	<50
No. of Anganwadis	11,626	28,201	5,742
% of Anganwadis	25.5	61.9	12.6

FINDINGS

The toilet component of Sugghar Anganwadi benchmarking consists of 11 questions and 20 weightage. The indicators covered under this component are cleaning & disinfection, kitchen & food hygiene, personal hygiene and environment cleanliness.

04 CLEANLINESS AND HYGIENE



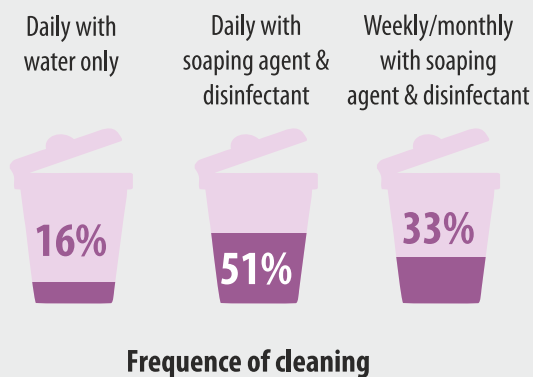
HYGIENE



SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 75% (34,312) of Anganwadis have a separate kitchen for cooking food;
- 99% (33,885) of Anganwadis' kitchens, out of 34,312 Anganwadis, have hygienic surroundings without cobwebs and clean cooking areas;
- 76% (34,522) of Anganwadis have a separate room to store food materials hygienically;
- 84% (38,483) of Anganwadis workers dispose of kitchen waste in a closed bin;
- Janjgir-Champa (95%), Sakti (95%), Balod (94%), Durg (94%) and Raipur (92%) Districts are only above 90% in using the closed bin for disposal of kitchen waste;
- 97% (44,349) of Anganwadi workers ensure children look neat, clean and hygienic with proper nail cutting.

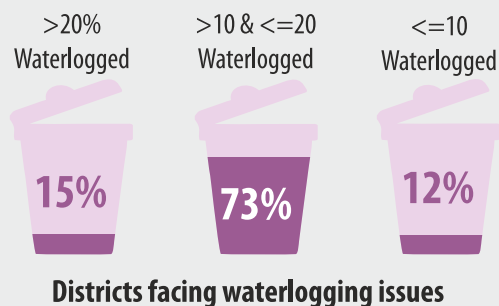
CLEANING & DISINFECTION



SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 99% (45,022) Anganwadis clean their premises, classroom, kitchen and toilet daily;
- 16% (7,023) of Anganwadis use only water for cleaning;
- 51% (23,304) of Anganwadis use soaping agents and disinfectants for daily cleaning room, kitchen, toilet and frequently touched surfaces;
- 33% (15,242) Anganwadis clean their room, kitchen, toilet and frequently touched surfaces weekly/monthly;
- 21% (9,603) of Anganwadis have no access to cleaning and disinfectant materials;
- 80% (36,560) of Anganwadi workers agreed that Anganwadi workers are only responsible for the upkeep, cleaning and maintenance of WASH facilities, whereas others feel that one/Panchayat is responsible.

ENVIRONMENT



SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 22% (9,807) of Anganwadi centres discard their solid waste, mostly kitchen waste inside or near the Anganwadi premises;
- 14% (6,583) of Anganwadi centres premises are waterlogged;
- Narayanpur (25%), Bijapur (25%), Kondagaon (22%), Sukma (21%), and Mungeli (21%) are Districts facing more than 20% water-logging issues.

PERFORMANCE IN CLEANLINESS & HYGIENE COMPONENT

Category →	>=90%	>=50% & <90%	<50
No. of Anganwadis	2,038	39,278	4,253
% of Anganwadis	4.5	86.2	9.3

Sugghar

FINDINGS

The behaviour change component of Sugghar Anganwadi benchmarking consists of ten questions and 20 weightage. The indicators covered under this component are capacity building, communication and display of materials.

05 BEHAVIOUR CHANGE



COMMUNICATION

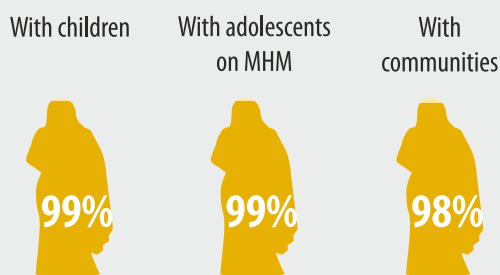


Trained on WASH and communication

SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 91% (41,372) of Anganwadi workers are trained on WASH through ILA (Incremental Learning Approach);
- 50% (22,898) of Anganwadi helpers are trained on WASH through ILA;
- 15 Districts have more workers/helpers trained than the State average, and 18 Districts have less than the State average, in which Koriya (82%) is the lowest;
- Gaurela-Pendra-Marwahi (37%), Jashpur (39%) and Narayanpur (39%) are the Districts where less than 40% of helpers are trained in WASH;
- 58% (26,495) of Anganwadis display beautiful cartoons of pets and animals on the wall related to sanitation, hygiene and COVID-19 education;
- 91% (41,660) of Anganwadis educate children on sanitation and hygiene through games.

ENGAGEMENT

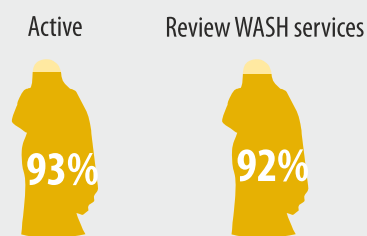


Discussion on WASH by workers

SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 99% (45,349) of Anganwadi workers discuss the importance of sanitation and hygiene with children;
- 98% (44,842) of Anganwadi workers discuss the importance of sanitation & hygiene and COVID-19 precautions in community platforms, like VHSND, important days;
- 96% (42,619) of Anganwadi workers encourage children and other beneficiaries not to visit the centre with COVID symptoms;
- 99% (45,330) of Anganwadi workers conduct sessions with adolescent girls and women on menstrual hygiene;
- 94% (42,855) of Anganwadi workers ensure children use slippers while going out for washing hands and using the toilet.

MONITORING



Mother/Anganwadi committee

SUMMARY (45,569 Anganwadis)

- 93% (42,154) of Anganwadis have active monitoring/mother committee presence in the Anganwadi centre;
- 92% (38,865 out of 42,154 active committees) of the mother/monitoring committees review water and sanitation facilities regularly;
- 22 Districts have an active mother/Anganwadi monitoring committee more than the State average, and 11 Districts have less than the State average, in which Bijapur (73%) and Sukma (76%) are the lowest.

PERFORMANCE IN BEHAVIOUR CHANGE COMPONENT

Category →	≥90%	≥50% & <90%	<50
No. of Anganwadis	28,523	16,552	394
% of Anganwadis	62.6	36.5	0.9

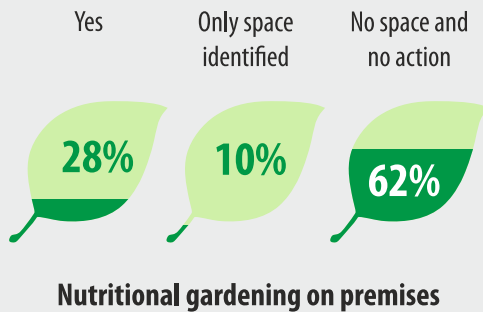
FINDINGS

The climate resilient component of Sugghar Anganwadi benchmarking consists of five questions and 10 weightage. The indicators under this component are water conservation, rainwater harvesting and solid & liquid waste management.

06 CLIMATE RESILIENT



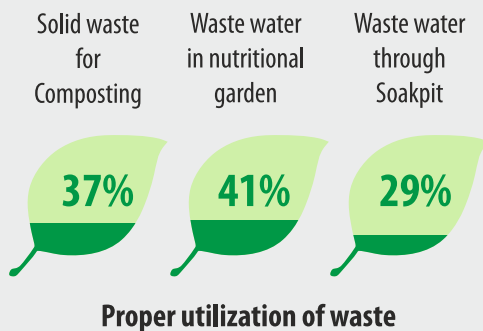
NUTRITIONAL GARDEN



SUMMARY

- 34% (15,421) of Anganwadis have no space for taking-up nutritional garden activities;
- 5% (2,432) Anganwadis are not taking up nutritional garden activities, despite having space for it;
- 10% (4,363) Anganwadis have only identified space for a nutritional garden on premises;
- 28% (12,796) of Anganwadis are growing leafy vegetables, etc., in the designated area;
- Jashpur (62%) and Balrampur (60%) are the top-performing Districts in creating a nutritional garden, whereas Khairagarh Chhuikhadan Gandai (13%) and Bilaspur (14%) are the lowest.

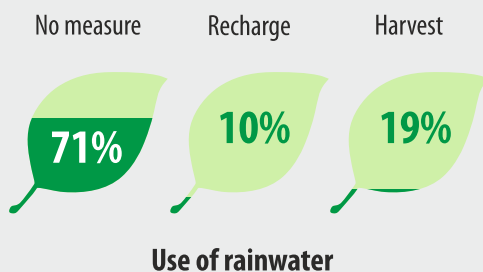
WASTE MANAGEMENT



SUMMARY

- 20% (9,141) of Anganwadi are not taking any action for managing solid waste, mainly kitchen waste;
- 43% (19,665) of Anganwadis give their solid waste to animals, or someone needed;
- 37% (16,763) of Anganwadis compost their solid waste on premises;
- 14% (6,595) of Anganwadi are not taking any action for managing liquid waste, primarily wastewater from kitchen and handwashing points;
- 41% (18,793) of Anganwadis utilise liquid waste/grey water in the nutritional garden;
- 29% (13,397) of Anganwadis constructed soak pits to make their surroundings clean and hygienic.

RAINWATER



SUMMARY

- 71% (32,384) of Anganwadi centres take no measure for either rainwater harvesting or groundwater recharge;
- 10% (4,641) of Anganwadi centres use rainwater for recharge of groundwater through soak pits;
- 19% (8,554) of Anganwadi centres harvest rainwater on premises;
- Mohla Manpur Ambagarh Chowki (50%) and Balod (50%) Districts are the highest in utilizing rainwater resources, whereas Kondagaon (18) and Sarangarh Bilaigarh (18%) are the lowest.

PERFORMANCE IN CLIMATE RESILIENT COMPONENT

Category →	≥90%	≥50% & <90%	<50
No. of Anganwadis	5,675	26,665	13,229
% of Anganwadis	12.5	58.5	29.0

Sugghar

DISTRICT-WISE PERFORMANCE IN ALL COMPONENTS (% OF ANGANWADI)

District	Water			Toilet			Handwashing with water and soap			Cleanliness and Hygiene			Behaviour Change			Climate Resilient			Total		
	<50%	50-89%	>=90%	<50%	50-89%	>=90%	<50%	50-89%	>=90%	<50%	50-89%	>=90%	<50%	50-89%	>=90%	<50%	50-89%	>=90%	<50%	50-89%	>=90%
Balod	24	69	7	24	69	8	4	49	47	2	89	9	0	30	69	24	62	14	4	91	5
Balodabazar Bhatapara	43	56	1	36	58	5	15	63	22	8	88	4	1	35	63	38	55	7	15	85	1
Balrampur Ramanujganj	44	52	4	48	46	6	19	61	20	12	82	7	1	30	70	14	59	27	18	77	5
Bastar	46	53	1	52	45	3	13	64	23	13	84	3	2	43	55	25	59	16	19	81	1
Bemetara	44	55	1	49	46	5	14	67	19	8	85	7	1	32	67	37	54	9	15	84	2
Bijapur	54	46	0	75	24	1	16	73	12	25	74	1	2	55	43	31	54	16	33	67	1
Bilaspur	46	53	1	46	50	4	11	71	18	5	89	5	0	32	68	40	53	7	12	87	1
Dantewada	47	52	1	57	41	2	14	68	17	9	87	4	1	44	55	30	59	11	20	80	0
Dhamtari	25	72	4	25	69	6	7	50	43	4	88	8	0	31	68	30	61	8	6	92	2
Durg	29	66	5	26	66	8	7	55	39	2	89	8	0	22	78	32	61	8	5	91	3
Gariaband	35	64	2	46	50	5	11	61	28	8	86	6	1	30	69	26	60	13	14	83	2
Gaurela Pendra Marwahi	46	53	1	51	47	2	12	61	27	12	85	3	1	45	53	43	49	8	17	81	1
Janjgir Champa	43	56	1	44	52	4	12	61	26	7	90	4	1	35	65	32	58	10	15	84	2
Jashpur	57	42	0	49	49	2	19	65	16	15	83	3	2	47	51	16	63	21	21	78	1
Kanker	34	64	1	41	55	5	11	58	31	11	86	3	1	36	63	35	55	10	14	85	1
Kabirdham	34	63	3	37	56	7	9	50	41	7	88	6	1	30	70	26	61	14	9	87	3
Khairagarh Chhuikhadan Gandai	32	65	3	33	60	7	9	54	38	6	87	7	0	31	68	35	52	13	7	89	3
Kondagaon	54	45	1	62	37	1	16	69	15	24	76	1	2	46	52	49	46	5	30	70	0
Korba	52	48	1	59	40	2	14	72	15	12	84	3	1	41	59	33	56	11	20	79	1
Koriya	42	57	2	51	45	4	11	58	31	13	85	2	0	40	60	31	58	11	16	83	1
Mahasamund	38	60	1	31	64	5	11	60	29	5	89	6	0	31	68	36	57	7	10	89	1
Manendragarh Chirmiri Bharatpur	40	58	2	39	57	4	11	56	32	8	88	4	1	30	69	28	60	12	13	86	1
Mohla Manpur Ambagarh Chowki	30	68	2	30	64	7	6	57	36	7	86	8	0	32	68	21	56	23	7	90	3
Mungeli	45	54	1	40	55	4	13	64	22	7	88	5	1	32	68	32	60	8	13	86	1
Narayanpur	54	46	0	73	24	3	17	71	12	27	72	1	2	47	51	16	65	19	27	73	0
Raigarh	47	53	1	45	51	4	13	64	24	6	90	5	1	40	60	30	62	8	15	85	1
Raipur	27	68	6	30	60	10	6	53	42	2	91	7	0	27	73	31	60	8	6	91	3
Rajnandgaon	24	73	3	21	70	9	5	49	46	4	89	7	0	28	72	19	64	17	5	91	4
Sakti	35	64	1	42	55	3	12	57	31	6	90	4	0	36	64	35	57	7	11	88	0
Sarangarh Bilaigarh	51	48	1	47	49	4	16	67	16	6	91	3	1	44	56	37	59	5	16	84	0
Sarguja	48	51	1	41	54	4	15	67	18	9	88	3	1	38	61	26	62	12	18	81	1
Sukma	51	48	1	57	40	3	19	65	16	20	78	2	3	53	44	26	54	20	25	75	1
Surajpur	47	53	0	44	52	4	14	68	17	10	87	2	1	38	61	26	60	13	16	83	1
Chhattisgarh State	43	56	2	43	52	4	13	62	26	9	86	4	1	37	63	29	59	12	15	83	2

PERFORMANCE IN OVERALL COMPONENTS

Category →	>=90% <i>Sughghar</i>	>=50% & <90%	<50
No. of Anganwadis	736	38,021	6,812
% of Anganwadis	1.6	83.5	14.9

DISTRICT-WISE NUMBER OF *SUGHGHAR* ANGANWADIS

- **Districts with >=40 *Sughghar* Anganwadi (6):** Balrampur Ramanujganj 102, Balod 71, Raipur 61, Kabirdham 49, Durg 46, Rajnandgaon 44
- **District with >=20 and <40 *Sughghar* Anganwadi (8):** Gariaband 29, Kanker 26, Mohla Manpur Ambagarh Chowki 26, Dhamtari 23, Jashpur 22, Sarguja 22, Bilaspur 21, Janjgir-Champa 21
- **District with <20 *Sughghar* Anganwadi (19):** Raigarh 18, Khairagarh Chhuikhadan Gandai 17, Bemetara 16, Korba 16, Mahasamund 15, Surajpur 13, Balodabazar Bhatapara 12, Manendragarh Chirmiri Bharatpur 11, Bastar 9, Gaurela-Pendra-Marwahi 9, Koriya 8, Mungeli 6, Sukma 5, Bijapur 4, Dantewada 4, Sakti 4, Sarangarh Bilaigarh 4, Kondagaon 1 and Narayanpur 1

All 33 Districts of Chhattisgarh have self-declared at least one *Sughghar* Anganwadi.

SUGHGHAR ANGANWADIS WITH ≥ 90 SCORE OF CHHATTISGARH (IN NUMBER)

District	Number of Anganwadis scored ≥ 90 marks									
	Total	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90
Balrampur	102	10	15	13	11	14	15	6	6	12
Balod	71	2	5	2	5	5	10	9	12	21
Raipur	61	-	4	4	5	12	8	11	6	11
Kawardha	49	1	-	1	1	3	9	10	7	17
Durg	46	-	3	2	3	2	7	4	8	17
Rajnandgaon	44	-	1	2	2	3	2	8	12	14
Gariaband	29	-	-	-	2	5	2	7	7	6
Kanker	26	2	-	1	2	2	3	2	10	4
Mohla Manpur Ambagarh Chowki	26	1	-	1	5	1	4	5	4	5
Dhamtari	23	-	3	-	3	1	2	4	3	7
Jashpur	22	-	-	-	-	2	1	5	4	10
Sarguja	22	-	-	-	-	4	2	2	3	11
Bilaspur	21	-	1	1	1	1	5	2	3	7
Janjgir-Champa	21	-	-	-	3	-	1	4	4	9
Raigarh	18	-	-	-	1	3	5	2	1	6
Khairagarh Chhuikhadan Gandai	17	5	-	-	1	-	1	5	2	3
Bemetara	16	-	1	-	2	3	1	-	5	4
Korba	16	1	2	-	-	1	-	1	6	5
Mahasamund	15	1	-	2	3	-	1	2	3	3
Surajpur	13	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	3	4
Baloda Bazar	12	-	1	-	-	1	1	2	2	5
Manendragarh Chirmiri Bharatpur	11	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	2	5
Bastar	9	-	-	1	2	-	-	1	1	4
Gaurela-Pendra-Marwahi	9	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	2	3
Koriya	8	-	-	1	1	-	4	1	-	1
Mungeli	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4
Sukma	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
Bijapur	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1
Dantewada	4	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-
Sakti	4	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	2
Sarangarh Bilaigarh	4	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-
Kondagaon	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Narayanpur	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Chhattisgarh	736	25	38	34	57	64	87	105	123	203

KEY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Coordinate with the Public Health Engineering Department (PHED) and Department of Panchayat and Rural Development for running water at three points (Drinking/handwashing, kitchen and toilet) and water testing;
- Devise strategy to utilize local funds (15 FC, DMF, CSR, others) for creating and strengthening WASH facilities and services;
- Prepare a WASH improvement plan at Anganwadi, Sector, Project and District levels based on *Sughghar Anganwadi* benchmarking and monitor the facilities & services;
- Retrofit existing toilet and handwashing to make it functional, safe, age-appropriate and child-friendly;
- Develop standard operating procedures for operation & maintenance and cleaning & disinfection and allocate funds;
- Include climate-resilient components, greywater, rainwater and solid waste management in regular programming;
- Activate monitoring/mothers' committee for Anganwadi service improvement, including WASH;
- Regular sensitize Anganwadi workers and helpers on WASH and nutrition linkages;
- Provide 6-step handwashing posters & handwashing/WASH-nutrition linkages games for children to reinforce hygiene messages;
- Conduct *Sughghar Anganwadi* exercises yearly and reward the best performers for adopting and sustaining good WASH practices.